

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> CNC

<u>Introduction</u>

The Application for Dispute Resolution filed by the Tenant seeks an order to cancel the one month Notice to End Tenancy dated May 5, 2016

A hearing was conducted by conference call in the presence of both parties. On the basis of the solemnly affirmed evidence presented at that hearing, a decision has been reached. All of the evidence was carefully considered.

Both parties were given a full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions. Neither party requested an adjournment or a Summons to Testify. Prior to concluding the hearing both parties acknowledged they had presented all of the relevant evidence that they wished to present.

I find that the one month Notice to End Tenancy was served on the Tenant on May 5, 2015. Further I find that the Application for Dispute Resolution/Notice of Hearing was personally served on the landlord on May 18, 2016. With respect to each of the applicant's claims I find as follows:

Issue(s) to be Decided

The issue to be decided is whether the tenant is entitled to an order cancelling the Notice to End Tenancy dated May 5, 2016?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy began on November 1, 2015. The tenancy agreement provided that the tenant(s) would pay rent of \$650 per month payable in advance on the first day of each month. The tenant(s) paid a security deposit of \$325 at the start of the tenancy.

Grounds for Termination:

The Notice to End Tenancy relies on the following provisions of the Residential Tenancy Act:

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- Tenant or a person permitted on the property by the tenant has:
 - significantly interfered with or unreasonably disturbed another occupant or the landlord
 - seriously jeopardized the health or safety or lawful right of another occupant or the landlord
- Tenant has engaged in illegal activity that has, or is likely to:

. . .

- adversely affect the quiet enjoyment, security, safety or physical wellbeing of another occupant or the landlord
- o jeopardize a lawful right or interest of another occupant or the landlord

Settlement:

The parties reached a settlement at the hearing and they asked that I record the settlement pursuant to section 63(2) of the Act as follows:

- a. The parties mutually agree to end the tenancy on July 31, 2016.
- b. The parties request that the arbitrator issue an Order for Possession for that date.

Order for Possession:

As a result I granted the landlord an Order for Possession effective July 31, 2016.

The tenant must be served with this Order as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, the landlord may register the Order with the Supreme Court of British Columbia for enforcement.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: June 16, 2016

Residential Tenancy Branch