

## **DECISION**

### **Introduction**

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This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with the landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution (Application) for:

- an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the Act
- a Monetary Order for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the Act (\$6,657.50)
- authorization to recover the filing fee for this application from the tenants pursuant to section 72 of the Act (\$100.00)

### **Service of Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request**

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The landlord submitted a copy of two Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding forms which declare that on October 13, 2022 they sent each tenant the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request (Proceeding Package) by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of two Canada Post Customer Receipts containing the tracking numbers to confirm this service. In accordance with sections 89(1) and 90 of the Act and based on the written submissions and evidence of the landlord:

- I find that the landlord sent the Proceeding Packages to the tenants by registered mail on October 13, 2022 and they are deemed to have been received by the tenants on October 18, 2022, the fifth day after they were mailed.

### **Issues to be decided**

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Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent?

Is the landlord entitled to a Monetary Order for unpaid rent? (\$6,657.50)

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application from the tenants? (\$100.00)

## Background and Evidence

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I have reviewed all written submissions and evidence before me; however, only the evidence and submissions relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this decision.

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- a copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenants on November 5, 2021, indicating a monthly rent of \$2,325.00, due on the first day of the month for a tenancy commencing on November 16, 2021;
- a copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities (the 10 Day Notice) dated September 19, 2022, for \$6,657.50 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of September 29, 2022;
- a copy of a Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form signed by tenant B.B. which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was personally served to tenant B.B. at 6:36 pm on September 19, 2022;
- a copy of a tenant ledger showing the rent owing and paid during the tenancy; and;
- a copy of a Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant period.

## Analysis

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### **Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent?**

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a 10 Day Notice the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears as indicated on the 10 Day Notice or dispute the 10 Day Notice by filing an Application for Dispute Resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If the tenant does not pay the arrears or dispute the 10 Day Notice they are conclusively presumed to have accepted the end of the tenancy pursuant to section 46(5) of the Act.

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with section 88 of the Act, I find that the 10 Day Notice was served to the tenants September 19, 2022.

I find that the tenants were obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$2,325.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the Act and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, September 29, 2022.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the Act.

### **Is the landlord entitled to a Monetary Order for unpaid rent?**

Section 26 of the Act requires a tenant to pay rent to the landlord, regardless of whether the landlord complies with the Act, regulations or tenancy agreement, unless the tenant has a right to deduct all or a portion of rent under the Act.

Based on the evidence before me, I find that the landlord has established a claim for unpaid rent owing for November 2021 to December 2021, and January 2022 to September 2022.

Therefore, I find the landlord is entitled to a monetary award in the amount of \$6,657.50, the amount claimed by the landlord, for unpaid rent owing for November 2021 to December 2021 and January 2022 to September 2022.

### **Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application from the tenant?**

As the landlord was successful in their application, I find that the landlord is entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

## **Conclusion**

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I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord **effective two (2) days after service of this Order on the tenant(s)**. Should the tenant(s) or anyone on the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to sections 67 and 72 of the Act, I grant the landlord a Monetary Order in the amount of **\$6,757.50** for rent owed for November 2021 to December 2021, January 2022 to September 2022, and for the recovery of the filing fee for this application. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and the tenant(s) must be served

with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: November 17, 2022

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Residential Tenancy Branch